

HOUSE HAS SOME "HORSE" LAUGHS

Equipment of Army Causes Much Merriment.

CAMELS SUGGESTED FOR USE

Merits of Kentucky's Blue-blood Steeds Matched Against Bronchos of West for Army Pack Trains. Mann Suggests Elephant, While Olmsted Wants Camels Imported.

The relative merits of the horse, the mule, the camel, and the elephant for the mounted service of the United States army were discussed at considerable length on the floor of the House yesterday. The subject came up in rather an odd way. During consideration of the army appropriation bill by the House Friday, an item of \$200,000 for the purchase of 5,000 acres of land near Front Royal, Va., for a great government horse farm was stricken from the bill on a point of order.

But the subject was automatically brought up yesterday. The fact that Virginia had been picked out as a place for this horse farm evidently ranked in the minds of Representatives Mondell, of Wyoming, and some of his Western colleagues, for he delivered a stirring eulogy of the broncho and range horse of his section. He laid particular emphasis on the great lung power of these animals, which he said resulted from the pure and rarefied air they breathed.

This evidently enraged Representative Stanley, of the blue grass section of Kentucky, who jumped to his feet with waving hands and blazing eyes. "A horse does not run on his lungs," cried Mr. Stanley, "although, a statesman can. A horse must have something more than the capacity to blow in order to get there."

Stanley stands pat. The House enjoyed a good laugh over this, but Mr. Stanley never cracked a smile.

"Many strange things may be seen and heard in this Congress," he said, "but I never dreamed that any man would talk about going to the mountain tops of Nevada or Colorado or some other place in the wild and woolly West for a horse. It would be as reasonable to leave the Garden of Eden and send an expedition to the north pole in search of fruits and flowers, or to send a cordon of guardian angels from the pearly parades of Paradise to the region of the damned in search of good society, as to leave Kentucky to hunt for a horse."

"The history of Kentucky," continued Mr. Stanley, "is the history of the horse. Some of you who think the world has come West will be telling me next that you have to put a woman in cold storage on the top of a mountain in order to improve her complexion, and that beautiful women are no longer found in the greatest numbers in Kentucky. You may claim whatever else you will for the West, the North, the East, or the South, but for the woman and for the horse I challenge the world. I claim unquestioned supremacy for Kentucky."

Representative Cocks, of New York, didn't seem to like Mr. Stanley's remarks.

"In the early part of the last century," he said, "the people of the South came up to Long Island with their famous Sir Henry, and there met Long Island Eclipse, and went home wiser and poorer than when they came."

But it remained for Representative Olmstead of Pennsylvania, Mann of Illinois, and Rucker of Missouri to round out the intellectual discussion.

Olmsted Wants Camels.

Mr. Olmsted had been scribbling during a considerable portion of the discussion, and finally rose and went to the Clerk's desk to read a proposed amendment to the army bill. It provided an appropriation of \$20,000 to bring fifty camels and thirty Arab camel drivers to the United States to be formed into a camel corps. In support of his amendment, he read extracts from a speech by Jefferson Davis in the Senate of the United States more than sixty years ago, advocating the use of camels by the United States army in chasing Indians over the arid plains of the West.

"I offer an amendment to the amendment," declared Representative Rucker, of Missouri, after the House had quit laughing about the camels.

"I move that wherever the word 'horse' appears in the army appropriation bill that the word 'mule' be substituted. If our officers and our cavalry were mounted on mules, the war scare would lose its terrors, for we could kick an enemy into the middle of the Pacific Ocean in less than half an hour."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

APPROVES LIQUOR MEASURE.

Ways and Means Committee Indorses Shipping Law.

At a meeting of the Ways and Means Committee of the House of Representatives yesterday a favorable report was authorized on the bill introduced by Representative Ellerbe, of South Carolina, providing that alcohol or high-proof spirits, withdrawn free of tax for the use of the United States, may be drawn off direct from the receiving cisterns in the eastern room of any distillery to closed metal storage tanks, receiving the distillery bonded warehouse and transferred to tanks or tank cars for shipment.

The committee also considered the bills permitting the payment of customs duties by certified check; restraining the Secretary of the Treasury from receiving bonds issued to provide money for the building of the Panama Canal as security for the issue of circulating notes to national banks; and permitting foreign coins to be held against circulation issues without the expense of recoinage, on their bullion value. No action was taken on these three bills.

Wants Direct Nominations.

Boston, Jan. 14.—Speaker Joseph Walker of the house introduced to-day a bill calling for the direct nomination of candidates for governor, lieutenant governor, secretary, treasurer, receiver general, auditor, and attorney general of the State, all to be chosen by a plurality vote at the party's caucus or primary.

DEAFNESS CURED

"I have demonstrated that deafness can be cured." Dr. Guy Clifford Powell.

The secret of how to use the mysterious and invisible nature forces for the cure of Deafness and Head Noises has at last been discovered by the famous Physician-Scientist, Dr. Guy Clifford Powell. Deafness and Head Noises disappear as if by magic under the use of this new and wonderful discovery. He will send all who suffer from Deafness and Head Noises full information how they may be cured, absolutely free, no matter how long they have been deaf, or what caused their deafness. This marvelous treatment is so simple, natural and certain that you will wonder why it was not discovered before. Investigations marvel at the quick results. Any deaf person can have full information how to be cured quickly and cured to stay cured at home without investing a cent. Write today to Dr. Guy Clifford Powell, 700 Bank Building, Peoria, Ill., and get full information of this new and wonderful discovery, absolutely free.

YESTERDAY IN CONGRESS.

(Saturday, January 14, 1911.)

SENATE.

The Senate was not in session.

HOUSE.

Item in army appropriations bill providing for the purchase of home farm in Virginia provoked long and humorous debate, in which mules, camels, and elephants were suggested for use in the army.

Committee on Judiciary gives favorable report on measure to prevent new trials in civil and criminal cases on technicalities.

Representative Mann introduced a bill to regulate operation and tolls at Panama Canal.

Representative Cram introduced a bill for an inquiry into the administration of the Department of Justice.

The House adjourned at 5:35 p. m. to meet at noon Monday.

CAPITOL GOSSIP.

May Irwin was one of Speaker Cannon's callers Thursday. Mrs. L. White Busbey, wife of the Speaker's secretary, and Mrs. Francis Curtis, wife of the director of the Republican Literary Bureau, accompanied the comedienne to the Capitol and formally introduced her to Uncle Joe.

Stanley stands pat.

The House enjoyed a good laugh over this, but Mr. Stanley never cracked a smile.

"Many strange things may be seen and heard in this Congress," he said, "but I never dreamed that any man would talk about going to the mountain tops of Nevada or Colorado or some other place in the wild and woolly West for a horse. It would be as reasonable to leave the Garden of Eden and send an expedition to the north pole in search of fruits and flowers, or to send a cordon of guardian angels from the pearly parades of Paradise to the region of the damned in search of good society, as to leave Kentucky to hunt for a horse."

"The history of Kentucky," continued Mr. Stanley, "is the history of the horse. Some of you who think the world has come West will be telling me next that you have to put a woman in cold storage on the top of a mountain in order to improve her complexion, and that beautiful women are no longer found in the greatest numbers in Kentucky. You may claim whatever else you will for the West, the North, the East, or the South, but for the woman and for the horse I challenge the world. I claim unquestioned supremacy for Kentucky."

Representative Cocks, of New York, didn't seem to like Mr. Stanley's remarks.

"In the early part of the last century," he said, "the people of the South came up to Long Island with their famous Sir Henry, and there met Long Island Eclipse, and went home wiser and poorer than when they came."

But it remained for Representative Olmstead of Pennsylvania, Mann of Illinois, and Rucker of Missouri to round out the intellectual discussion.

"I offer an amendment to the amendment," declared Representative Rucker, of Missouri, after the House had quit laughing about the camels.

"I move that wherever the word 'horse' appears in the army appropriation bill that the word 'mule' be substituted. If our officers and our cavalry were mounted on mules, the war scare would lose its terrors, for we could kick an enemy into the middle of the Pacific Ocean in less than half an hour."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

Then Representative Bennet, of New York, who was in the chair, mildly suggested that the entire discussion be out of order, inasmuch as the entire paragraph was removed from the bill on a point of order Friday, and the House settled down to serious business once more.

"I hope the gentleman will speak for his own State," declared Mr. Olmstead, with every appearance of indignation; "for while I agree that it would be well to import elephants into Illinois, we don't need them in Pennsylvania."

TAFT TO BE HOST AT TARIFF DINNER

Seeks Harmony in Ways and Means Committee.

TWO BILLS BEFORE HOUSE

President Hopes for Passage of Compromise Measure to Be Sent to Senate—Delegation of Apache Indians Ask Great White Father to Let Chiefs Leave Fort Sill.

Republican members of the House Committee on Ways and Means will discuss tariff board legislation at a White House dinner to-night.

President Taft is making an effort to harmonize differences on this question that have developed among Republican House members. He is anxious that the committee shall report, and that the House shall pass a bill creating a permanent tariff commission.

Two bills are up for consideration. One was introduced by Representative Longworth, of Ohio, and the other by Representative Dalcourt, of Pennsylvania. The best features of both bills will be adopted by the committee, if members follow the advice of the President. Then Mr. Taft expects the party in the House to put the compromise bill through and let it take its chances in the Senate.

Asks Taft's Permission.

A delegation of Mesquero Apache Indians, speaking for seven of the chiefs of the Apaches who were captured with Geronimo in 1886, and who have been confined at Fort Sill ever since, yesterday asked the President to allow these chiefs to leave that post and become residents of the Mesquero reservation in New Mexico.

Chief Magooch, another of those captured with the famous Geronimo, was one of the delegation which called to see the Great White Father. The President will take up the matter with the Bureau of Indian Affairs.

The White House afterward made public the following New Year's greeting from the Apaches:

Hon. William H. Taft, President of the United States.
Dear Great White Father: We, the delegation of full-blooded Indians, representing 2,000 of our people in the State of Oklahoma, wish you a happy New Year, happiness and long life. Let us have justice and happy homes, and all about together as one nation.
REPAULA HARTO,
CHIEF OF THE MESQUERO APACHES.
JAMES L. GRAY.

REACH AGREEMENT IN FISHERY CASE

Officials Finish Hearing on Controversy.

A complete agreement was reached yesterday at the State Department between the American and Canadian negotiators on the fishery questions involving the reasonableness of the regulations affecting the Newfoundland fishery. Negotiations on the same subject will be continued, however, with the Newfoundland government. The last session was held at the State Department late yesterday afternoon, at which the agreement was signed. The details of the agreement will be made public this week by the Canadian negotiators in Ottawa. At the close of the negotiations this joint statement was given out:

"The award in the fisheries arbitration directed that certain proceedings be taken by means of a special commission for the purpose of giving practical effect to the principles decided as to fishing regulations. The parties have now been conferring to determine whether such proceedings cannot be avoided by reaching an agreement by diplomatic methods as to the application of the award to such regulations. Very gratifying progress has been made toward accomplishing this."

"An agreement was reached to-day with the Canadian representatives and will be given out at their convenience. Negotiations with the Newfoundland government are still proceeding."

The boom of Gov. Herbert S. Hadley, of Missouri, as a running mate for President Taft on the Republican national ticket in 1912 has reached Washington. The suggestion of Gov. Hadley as a Vice Presidential candidate has excited much comment among politicians. Friends of the President say that he is very much interested in the Hadley boom, and that he is talking about the possibility of the governor's being named with members of Congress and political leaders.

It is well known in Washington that the President will be a candidate for re-nomination by the Republican National Convention in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.

Vice President Sherman, of course, has the first call. The Vice President, however, is understood not to be seeking the nomination. Politicians here do not believe that his name on the ticket would add such strength to Mr. Taft's candidacy as would the name of some man like Gov. Hadley. It is not believed here that New York can be carried by the Republican party if either Gov. Dix or Gov. Wilson, of New Jersey, is a candidate for a national office on the Democratic ticket. Mr. Sherman's friend admit that if either of these two governors were up his popularity in 1912, and it is known also that friends of the administration are busy themselves already with some of the problems that must be faced before election time rolls around. One of these is to choose the best possible Vice Presidential candidate.



Separate Advertisements Printed in 1910

131,800 MORE than THE WORLD'S own previous best record of 1909.

587,491 MORE than ANY OTHER New York Newspaper.

Greatest Number of Advertisements in Any Newspaper on Earth!

Last Year's Figures of the 9 Important Advertising Mediums Here and Abroad:

NEW YORK WORLD	1,546,897	Cincinnati Enquirer	769,416
New York Herald	959,406	St. Louis Post-Dispatch	752,929
Berlin Lokalanzeiger	900,840	London Daily Telegraph	643,900
Philadelphia Inquirer	784,242	St. Louis Globe-Democrat	468,680
London Times	219,457		

Send All Advertising That Seeks Real Results to

THE WORLD, PULITZER BUILDING, NEW YORK

The Newspaper That Does the People's Business!

H